

Use the ratio test to find out if the following series diverges or converges.

$$1) \sum \frac{1}{n} \quad 2) \sum \frac{1}{n^2} \quad 3) \sum \frac{4^n}{n \cdot 3^n} \quad 4) \sum \frac{n^{10}}{10^n}$$

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1)  $\sum \frac{1}{n}$     2)  $\sum \frac{1}{n^2}$     3)  $\sum \frac{4^n}{n \cdot 3^n}$     4)  $\sum \frac{n^{10}}{10^n}$     8/9/25

$$1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n+1}}{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$= 1$$

$\therefore$  The ratio test is inconclusive at 1 because we know that  $\sum \frac{1}{n}$  diverges.

$$2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{(n+1)^2}}{\frac{1}{n^2}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{(n+1)^2}$$

$$= 1$$

$\therefore$  The ratio test is inconclusive at 1 because we know that  $\sum \frac{1}{n^2}$  converges.

$$3) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{4^{n+1}}{(n+1)3^{n+1}}}{\frac{4^n}{n \cdot 3^n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 \cdot n}{(n+1)3}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} > 1$$

$\therefore \sum \frac{4^n}{n \cdot 3^n}$  diverges.

$$4) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^{10}}{10^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{10^n}{n^{10}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^{10}}{10 n^{10}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} < 1$$

$\therefore \sum \frac{n^{10}}{10^n}$  converges.

